



ST. JOHN'S HALL  
(UNIVERSITY OF HONGKONG)

---

# History and Register

1912-1952

With a Foreword by  
THE RT. REVD. BISHOP R. O. HALL  
M. C., M. A., D. D.,  
景星勳章

Compiled by S. K. Loong

PRINTED BY MAN CHEUNG PRINTING CO.  
6 SHIN HING STREET  
HONG KONG



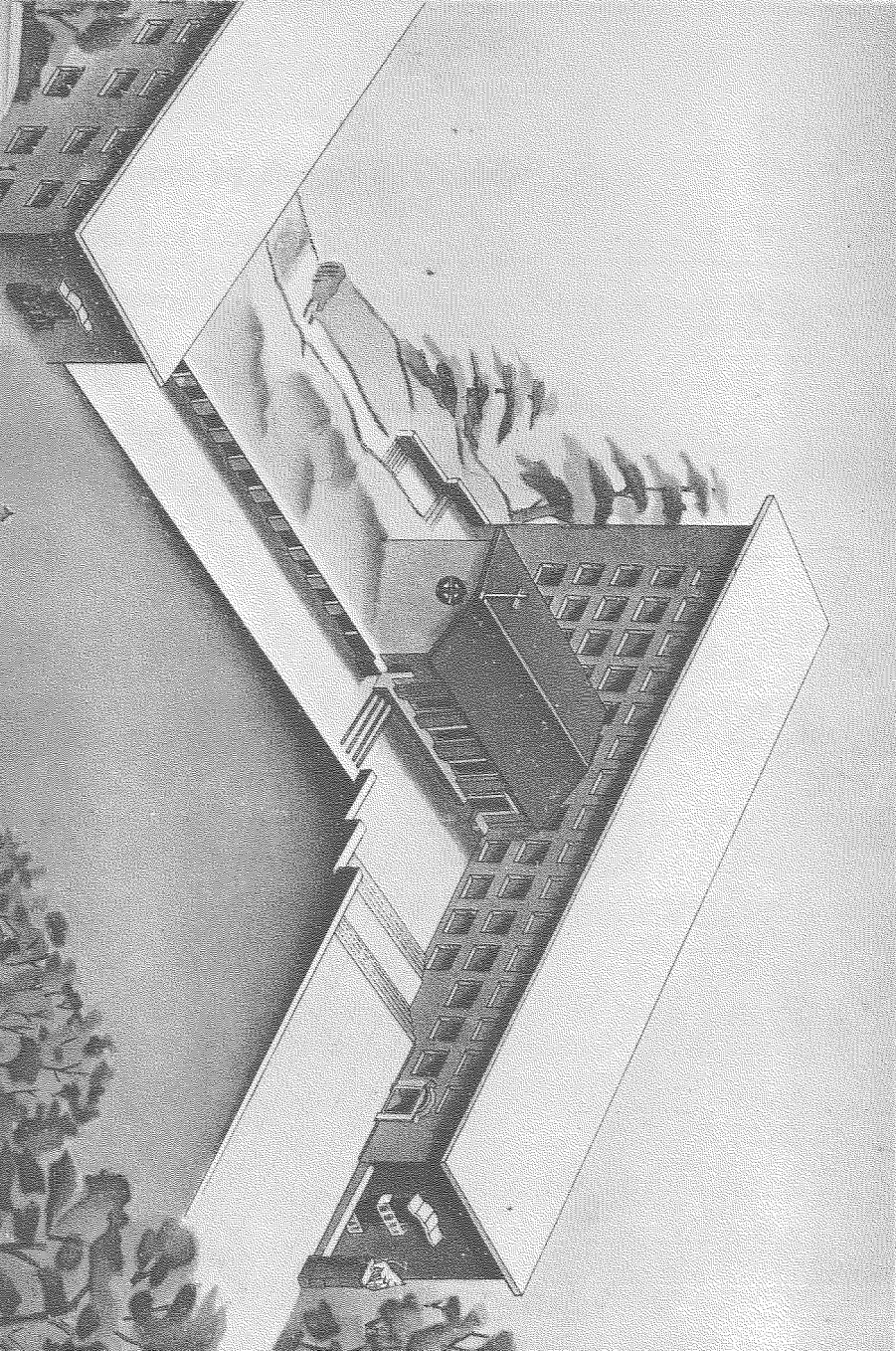
MANUSCRIPT TO

This Book is dedicated to

all

St. John's men





# CONTENTS

	Page
Foreword by Bishop R. O. Hall - - - - -	V
Board of Control - - - - -	VII
Wardens - - - - -	VIII
History - - - - -	1
Register 1912-1952 - - - - -	16
Illustrations - - - - -	26

## Acknowledgment

The compiler wishes to acknowledge the advice and help received from the Rev. George She, the Rev. Canon G. K. Carpenter and the Rev. Canon E. W. L. Martin, without whose assistance this book would have been quite impossible. Miss M. Chenalloy must also be thanked for typing and proofreading.

## FOREWORD

My first home in Hong Kong was St. John's Hall. That was thirty years ago in February 1922 on my first short visit to the Far East. Little did I imagine then that Hong Kong would ever be my permanent home, or that I should have my present close relationship with St. John's Hall.

In 1953 St. John's Hall is to become St. John's College on a magnificent new site above the University Recreation Ground. This is a step forward in the close relationship that has always obtained between the Church and the University. It is a great venture of faith, made possible by a great act of generosity.

Before we move forward we look back to the past.

St. John's great past deserves this greater future.

We thank God for what St. John's men have been both in the Hall and in their later public life; for what they are now and for what they have done. With gratitude for the past and confidence for the future we seek their continued interest and help as the Hall moves forward to its greater future.

And we know that many others who love the University and believe in it, will share with them in helping us to complete what we have undertaken.

R. O. Hall,  
Bishop of Hong Kong.

May, 1952.

In 1910 Lord Lugard supported the first Building Fund appeal:—

"I support this appeal most gladly, for I look to the Mission Hostel to take continued charge of the boys whom the Mission has educated up to the time they enter the University, and to assist the University authorities in maintaining that high tone, and in developing character and morals upon which I have laid so much stress in the memos regarding the project. It would indeed be a matter of great regret if the C.M.S. should fail to continue its care and discipline of its own students, and to assist the University in what I regard as its highest and best task the training of the character of the undergraduates and inculcating a high moral standard and high ideals."

# BOARD OF CONTROL

1952

The Rt. Rev. Bishop R. O. Hall (Chairman)  
Miss B. Pope  
Rev. Canon E. W. L. Martin  
E. G. Stewart, Esq.  
G. A. Goodban, Esq.  
Professor Ma Kiam  
Rev. S. K. Loong  
Rev. Erik Kvan  
Rev. George She (Warden)

The following gentlemen have also from time to time served on the Board:—

Rt. Rev. Bishop G. H. Lander  
Rt. Rev. Bishop C. R. Duppy  
Rev. C. I. Blanchett  
His Honour Mr. Justice J. R. Wood  
Dr. The Honourable S. W. Tso  
The Honourable Sir Chow Shau Son  
Rev. C. B. Shann  
Ven. Archdeacon E. J. Barnett  
Rev. W. H. Hewitt  
H. W. Turnbull, Esq.  
The Honourable Sir. Kai Ho Kai  
A. H. Compton, Esq.  
C. Gerken, Esq.  
F. A. Britton, Esq.  
H. K. Woo, Esq.  
Professor L. Forster  
Rev. Canon G. K. Carpenter  
Miss E. S. Atkins  
Rev. Canon H. A. Wittenbach

## W A R D E N S

- 1912-1914 Rev. W. H. Hewitt, M.A., B. D.
- 1914-1915 H. W. Turnbull, Esq., M.A. (Acting)  
F. A. Britton, Esq., M.A. (Acting)
- 1915-1916 Rev. C. B. Shann, M.A.
- 1916-1917 Rev. E. W. L. Martin, M.A. (Acting)
- 1917-1920 Rev. C. B. Shann, M.A.
- 1920-1921 Rev. E. W. L. Martin, M.A. (Acting)
- 1922-1925 Rev. C. B. Shann, M.A.  
Rev. J. Romanis Lee, M.A.
- 1925-1926 Rev. E. W. L. Martin, M.A. (Acting)  
Rev. N. V. Halward, M.C., M.A.
- 1926-1927 Rev. H. A. Wittenbach, M.A., Th.L. (Acting)
- 1927-1931 Rev. C. B. Shann, M.A.  
Rev. N. V. Halward, M.C., M.A.
- 1932-1933 Rev. G. K. Carpenter, M.A., Sc.M., A.I.C.  
Rev. N. V. Halward, M.C., M.A.
- 1933 T. J. Price, Esq., B.Sc. (Acting)  
Dr. K. D. Ling, M.B., B.S.
- 1934-1938 Rev. G. K. Carpenter, M.A., Sc.M., A.I.C.  
G. H. Owen, Esq.
- 1939-1941 George She, Esq., M.A.  
David T. C. Cheng, Esq., M.A.  
Rev. S. K. Cheung, M.A.
- 1942-1945 Japanese Occupation
- 1946-1952 Rev. George She, M.A., I.P.  
Rev. S. K. Loong, B.Sc.
- July 1952 Rev. Erik Kvan, Cand. Theol. (Acting)

## HISTORY OF ST. JOHN'S HALL.

In the Memorandum setting forth the Objects of the proposed University, issued by Lord Lugard (then Sir Frederick) in March 1910, the following passage occurs:—

"In order to ensure discipline and moral education it has been decided that no external students shall be accepted unless they live in Hostels conducted under strict regulations framed by the Council. Such Hostels will consist exclusively of establishments founded and conducted by religious bodies who desire to maintain supervision, during their career at the University, over the pupils whom they have educated in their schools."

In accordance with this principle Lord Lugard approached the Church Missionary Society in Hong Kong privately to know whether they would be prepared to provide such a Hostel.

The result is ST. JOHN'S HALL.

The first Report, therefore, is able to state:—

"It must not be thought that the Halls of Residence erected by the Missions are merely tolerated by the University Council as providing necessary boarding accommodation for students without expense to the University. They have been started on the direct challenge of the founders of the University, and their moral and spiritual functions are recognised by the Council as an essential part of the University economy."



The Church Missionary Society were exceedingly fortunate in being already the possessors of a very fine site directly opposite to the gates of the new University. At that time the buildings were occupied by a Girls' School, known as "Fairlea", but in view of the need for a new hostel, it was decided to move the school to another site.

Under the direction of the Ven. Archdeacon E. J. Barnett the work of adapting the place to its new use was promptly put in hand, a building fund was opened for subscriptions, and the Diocese of Liverpool did much to make accomplishment possible. The old Fairlea building was adapted for the residence of students and of one member of the staff, and a fine new building was designed by Messrs. Denison Ram and Gibbs, to the East, providing accommodation for 28 students and the warden.

In the meantime the warden elect, the Rev. W. H. Hewitt, in consultation with the University authorities and the Church Missionary Society, drew up the Constitution and Regulations of the new Hall of Residence.

When the University was formally opened in September 1912, St. John's Hall was the **only Hostel** ready for occupation, students entered for the University Hall having to be accommodated in the main building for the time being. The Rev. W. H. Hewitt took up his duties as warden, assisted by Mr. H. W. Turnbull who lived in the old building as

yet separated from the new block. During the first term there was an entry of 33 students, 23 of them old boys of St. Stephen's College; and in January 1913, three more students were admitted.

During the following terms more students applied for residence, and it was found necessary to make temporary room for them by dividing up the Reading Room for this purpose. That such an arrangement should be permanent was unthinkable, and in January 1914, the Board of Control applied to the Church Missionary Society for permission to extend the buildings. Permission was granted in February and a loan was made, to be repaid in ten yearly instalments.

The extension took the form of a wing connecting the old building and the first block which had been put up, and provided possible accommodation for 24 students. This was completed in the autumn of the same year, and for some time the total room space available was sufficient for 60 students, though some of the rooms were not well suited to the purpose.

Such was the condition of affairs until 1920, in which year the old Fairlea building was condemned as a residence for students. The natural effects of old age (the building was certainly over 40 years old) had been hastened by the earthquake in 1918, though the results were not immediately apparent. The building continued to stand, unoccupied and unsightly, and it was most desirable that it should be pulled down and another more suitable building erected as soon as possible.

With the prospect of a large increase in the number of undergraduates at the beginning of 1922, the Board of Control obtained from the Church Missionary Society the use of St. Stephen's House standing just to the west of St. John's Hall as an annexe. This building was adapted to the purpose and opened in January 1922, and provided temporary accommodation for one member of the staff and suitable rooms for seven students, with the possibility of taking three more if absolutely necessary.

As has been seen, the Rev. W. H. Hewitt was the first warden. In 1914 he and Mrs. Hewitt sailed for England on a well-deserved furlough, leaving Mr. H. W. Turnbull, who was already in charge of the Fairlea building, as acting warden, with the assistance of Mr. F. A. Britton of St. Stephen's College until the completion of the new building rendered it unnecessary to have two men on the spot. Unfortunately in the spring of 1915, Mr. Turnbull's health failed, and he was ordered home by the doctors. The Rev. C. B. Shann then acted as warden in April pending the return of Mr. Hewitt. When however Mr. Hewitt got back to the Colony he was immediately transferred to take charge of St. Stephen's College, and Mr. Shann was given the substantive post. Since then the Rev. E. W. L. Martin (now Canon) thrice took charge of the Hall as acting warden, in 1916, 1920, and 1925, while Mr. Shann was in England on furlough. In 1922 when the opening of the annexe made it necessary once again to have a second member of the staff, the Rev. J. Romanis Lee, Lecturer in History at the University, kindly consented to fill the post, and remained until 1925. In October

1926 whilst Mr. Martin was acting, it was found necessary to appoint the Rev. H. A. Wittenbach (now Canon) as acting warden in order to set Mr. Martin free for his duties as acting warden of St. Stephen's College.

In athletics St. John's Hall took a leading place in the earlier years particularly in the matter of tennis, winning the Cup many times presented for competition between the Hostels by Dr. G.P. Jordan. The gift of a silver cup for the singles tennis championship of the Hall by Mr. Wei Wing Hon, one of the first students to enter the Hall, led to a number of others incentive to sports being presented to the Hall. For this gift was followed in 1920 by the presentation by Mr. Ho Wing Kin of another large cup for tennis doubles in memory of his father, Sir Kai Ho Kai. Many other cups and shields subsequently followed, but only one or two of these survived the Occupation of 1942-1945.

The custom of holding an Annual Dinner was started in this Hall by the Rev. Canon E. W. L. Martin in 1916 on the occasion of the first general Congregation for the conferring of Degrees, an example that has been followed by the other Halls. These dinners have been held regularly except in 1921 when it was decided to give the money instead to the famine relief fund for sufferers in the North, thus recalling the concerts which were held in the Hall in the winter of 1915 on behalf of the sufferers from the floods in Canton. An attempt is being made to induce the old students of the Hall to regard the Annual Dinner as a re-union at which they may meet their old friends and renew their youth.

The Spring term of 1922 was a time of stress for the whole Colony owing to the general strike. The University was affected as was the rest of the community, but was promptly organised to meet the emergency. In St. John's Hall the students divided themselves into groups for the essential work of the house, such as the kitchen hands, the sanitary squads, and the house guards, etc. etc. In addition to this, members of the Medical Faculty volunteered for duties in the Hospital, and St. John's Hall was asked to provide an ambulance unit to look after the University area.

### Financial Position Of The Hall In 1922

The land on which St. John's Hall stands is the property of the Church Missionary Society, held for them by the Church Missionary Trust Association in London. The cost of the first building amounted to £7,000, and of this sum £6,555 came from England. The balance of the money required was raised by a loan of \$5,441 bearing interest at 5 per cent. The cost of the extension in 1914 (\$25,500) was covered by donations amounting to £1,000 and a second loan by the Church Missionary Society, of £1,252 without interest and repayable in ten yearly instalments. This loan was paid off finally in 1919, advantage being taken of the high rate of exchange, while a further donation was made in England. In the meantime the first loan had been reduced to \$2,500 and all expenses paid, including ground rent, rates and all repairs, which in 1920 amounted to over \$4,000 due to the weakness of one of the retaining walls.

## Plans For Extension In 1923-1925

Already in 1920 the old Fairlea building had been condemned as a residence for students. It was urgently necessary to pull down this old building and rebuild it to provide additional students' rooms, a proper entrance to the Hall, and accommodation for a married warden. Another most desirable addition to the Hall was that of a Chapel, without which such an institution must be considered as incomplete. An appeal for money towards the Building Fund was thus launched in 1923. Originally, the campaign was in conjunction with the University and Morrison Hall; but later on, independent action to raise money for the extension had to be decided on, because the University Appeal for further endowment, in which the needs of Morrison and St. John's Halls were embodied, brought no benefit to the Hostels. A Building Committee was therefore formed in June 1923, consisting of Dr. the Hon. S. W. Tso, the Rev. Dr. T. W. Pearce and the Rev. C. B. Shann to raise funds for the two Halls.

Messrs. Little Adams and Wood were appointed architects for the extension scheme in 1924 and the cost of the building was \$43,000. The Government offered a loan of \$30,000 for the furtherance of the scheme with the guarantee of the University as security, and the loan was to bear interest at 5 per cent, to be payable in ten instalments, repayment to commence five years after the date of the loan. The remainder - about \$13,000 - was raised by the present and past students of the Hall. Thus the West Wing was extended in 1925, and it was not until 1931 that the Hall was free of debt,



largely due to the effort of Mr. Shann. The only outlay not covered by the income of the Hall has been the salary of the wardens, which in the case of missionaries is met by the Church Missionary Society. Even now in 1952 the wardens receive no salaries at all from the Hall funds.

The Rev. N. V. Halward (now Bishop) acted from 1926-1933 as subwarden living in the old house used as an annexe to the Hostel. Many old St. John's men would still remember his early morning coaching of would-be champions at the annual University Sports. Unfortunately, St. John's Hall was never able to compete successfully with the athletes of other Halls, although it was many times the winner of the Tennis Championship.

### Pre-War Period (1931-1938)

The Ven. C. B. Shann (who returned to Hong Kong after the War and was appointed Archdeacon from 1946-1947) retired at the end of 1931 after 16½ years of wardenship. Under his careful supervision a considerable debt was wiped off, and when the Hall was handed over to the Rev. G. K. Carpenter (now Canon) in 1932 there was a balance on the right side for the first time. In December 1932, the Rt. Rev. R. O. Hall succeeded the Rt. Rev. C. R. Duppy as Bishop of Victoria, Hong Kong, and another era for the Hall as for the Diocese began to dawn.

During 1932 alterations to the warden's quarters were planned under the direction of Mr. Carpenter. An expenditure of \$40,000 was approved for further extensions and alterations in accordance with plans

drawn up by Mr. I. N. Chau, architect, a former student of the Hall. Two outside fire escape ladders were also built and fitted with doors which, when opened, rang a shrill alarm bell, and for some time the curiosity of students and others led to the alarm ringing at unexpected moments, fortunately, chiefly in the day time. An elaborate system of grills protected these ladders from being used as an unauthorised method of entry, but these grills had to be extended after a practical demonstration by a resident showed that the original protection could be climbed round and over. Mr. Carpenter was also responsible for adapting the roll-call room as a Chapel, by making a new Nestorian Cross window and a small sanctuary. Here prayers have been held morning and evening during term, attendance being voluntary, and the services led by students as well as the wardens.

In 1938 an artesian well with electric pump was installed at a cost of \$3,000 in order to supplement the nullah water supply which proved to be very unreliable during the dry season.

It may be recalled that Mr. Carpenter brought his family to St. John's Hall when he was transferred from St. Stephen's College, and his children remember with much pleasure the years when the Hostel was their home, and the students played the part of elder brothers, sometimes too indulgently in the matter of peanuts and sweets. Perhaps mention should also be made of the annual launch picnic, a very happy and long awaited event. It is now known that some students owe their meeting with their future wives to a St. John's Hall picnic!



## The War Period (1939-1941)

In January 1939, the Rev. George She took over the duties of warden from Mr. Carpenter until the Japanese attacked Hong Kong on December 8, 1941, when the Hall was requisitioned by the Government for use as quarters for the Auxiliary Fire Service.

During these three years, Mr. She was assisted by Mr. T. C. Cheng, and later by the Rev. S. K. Cheung as subwarden. Those were years when the population of the Colony rose from under a million to about twice that number owing to the large influx of refugees from Shanghai, Canton and other parts of China. The students in residence were at full capacity, i.e. 70, the majority of them being medical students. As in former years the Hall fared poorly in athletics, but won in successive years the Championship for tennis and put up quite a good show in football, basket-ball, badminton and aquatics. The spiritual life of the University was notably quickened by two or three outstanding residents of the Hall, particularly by Luke Lim of North Borneo who died nobly in the Battle of Hong Kong. Later on in Burma, India and Malaya throughout the Pacific hostilities, St. John's men contributed in various capacities to the general war effort. Colonel Lim Bo Seng of Singapore who took a prominent part in running the Chinese Mobilization Council, was perhaps the most attractive and outstanding character. He managed to escape to India before the Japanese occupied Singapore, and then went on to Chungking to collect Straits-born Chinese who would be suitable to enter Malaya as underground

resistance agents then known as Force 136 under the S. E. Asia Supreme Allied Command. On November, 6, 1943 Colonel Lim landed alone from a submarine at the Strait of Malacca. Thereafter his exploit with other British and Chinese agents both inside and outside the Malayan jungles is an epic by itself. Unfortunately he was captured whilst raising funds for the guerillas in Penang in 1944 and died gallantly under torture. In 1945 after liberation, Colonel Lim was given in Singapore the funeral he deserved. He was posthumously promoted to the rank of Major-General, and now in 1952 a memorial pagoda is to be built on Singapore's esplanade to perpetuate the remembrance of this Malayan Chinese hero of the Japanese Occupation. St. John's Hall has always had strong Malayan connection and is really proud of its South Seas members' achievements in peace as in war.

The St. John's Hall Chapel thus became just before the War the religious centre of the University. In addition to this, an orchestra of some thirty instrumentalists was created under the inspiration of the warden who was ably supported by several students. The garden was also improved by a grant from Sir Robert Ho Tung, while the late Professor Hsu Ti-shan, Professor of Chinese, supervised the formation of a Chinese garden complete with ponds and bridge, etc.

As the University population increased with the influx of refugees, the Hall became too small for the demand; and so it was decided to build a larger edifice further up the road opposite the

University Cricket Ground. A piece of land was granted by Government; and tentative plans were drawn up for rebuilding, but unfortunately, the Pacific hostilities broke out in 1941.

### The Japanese Occupation (1942-1945)

At dawn on December 8, 1941, the Japanese Army suddenly attacked Hong Kong. At once the Government requisitioned St. John's Hall for defence purposes. The students could remove only a few of their belongings. By noon on that fateful Monday they left, some to serve in the Volunteer Defence Corps, others in the various emergency services. On December 11 the Auxiliary Fire Brigade took possession of the Hall. Finally the warden who had remained alone in charge of the building, also left. By then Hong Kong was in a state of siege with Kowloon already in control of the enemy. On Christmas Day 1941, the Island capitulated after a heroic defence and the cruel years of occupation began.

In the wake of the victorious invaders came a reign of terror lasting three days, when shooting and looting proceeded without let or hindrance. Only after January 3, 1942, did large scale pillaging come to an end. St. John's Hall was by then occupied by an infantry company waiting for orders to proceed South. When it left at the end of two months the Hall was so despoiled that most of the movable property was irreparably ruined.

On the departure of the Japanese soldiers, the warden was permitted to return to St. John's Hall in the company of one Mr. Miura of the Japanese

Gendarmerie. The Hall was thus left alone for a while by the Occupation Authorities. But in May 1942, the Hall was again requisitioned this time to accommodate Anglo-Indian and Eurasian refugees. The warden was turned out and shortly after imprisoned. As the War progressed conditions in St. John's Hall worsened; and by January 1945, the building itself was so thoroughly looted for fire-wood by the inmates and others that only four walls remained. Such was the condition of the Hall on August 31, 1945, when Hong Kong was liberated.

### Post Liberation Period (1945-1952)

The Hall, as related above, was completely destroyed by looters during the Occupation. The Ho Tung Garden had become a wilderness. Plans were at once made to rehabilitate the building as it was in pre-war days. The Education Department agreed to rebuild the West Wing in exchange for a three years lease of that Wing without rent, and so the West Wing was the first to be rebuilt in 1946. Six months later the East Wing was rehabilitated by a loan from the Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation. In September 1947, the Hall was reopened with only the East Wing available for residence. This was designed to accommodate 40 students, but had to put up some 60 students for one term at the request of Dr. D. J. Sloss, the Vice-Chancellor, pending the reopening of May Hall.

In 1947 and 1951 Mr. She went on furlough. During his absence on both occasions Mr. Loong assumed the duties of acting warden. In July 1950 the West Wing was duly relinquished by the

Government after three years as Northcote Training College Primary School. St. Paul's Boys' College then took possession of this Wing and proceeded at once to build another storey on top of it. It is hoped to hand over to the College the East Wing as well when the new St. John's College is completed on the site chosen before the war.

In January 1952, there were 47 students in residence, most of them in the Medical Faculty as was the case before the War. The number in residence was smaller and they were thus less able to muster strong teams of football, basketball and tennis. Indeed in no form of sports in this period did the Hall distinguish itself, but the residents again redeemed themselves by success in their academic examinations. Perhaps there will be a better balance between mind and body when the new St. John's College is built.

Professor L. Forster, formerly Professor of Education in the University, wrote about the University as follows :

".....Undoubtedly the western system of education is truncated or even emasculated when the Christian teaching is left out of it. This deficiency in the University of Hong Kong is supplied by the Halls of residence provided by the different churches....." ★

During the past 40 years of the Hall's existence some 600 students have passed through the portals of St. John's Hall. Many of these members have since become prominent as doctors, lawyers, journalists, accountants, teachers, professors, clergy-

men, engineers, architects and merchants, taking a leading part in commerce, industry, education and government. It is too numerous to mention individuals by name, but Major-General Lim Bo Seng of Singapore whose career was curtailed by the Japanese as already mentioned above; Dr. Foo Ping Sheung who has risen to ambassadorial rank; Dr. the Honourable Chau Sik-nin and the Honourable Kwok Chan who have reached the Legislative Council; Mr. Fung Ping Fan who has been serving on the Urban Council; and Mr. Hin-shing Lo who has become the First Magistrate, in Hong Kong, are the more notable ones among the many successful St. John's men.

And so today in 1952, the Hall not only carries on the good work begun by its Founders in 1912, but also looks forward to a new chapter of further growth and expansion as it seeks to develop Christian character and qualities of leadership in the students of this and future generations.

♦ Mr. H. W. Turbull was subsequently appointed Professor of Mathematics at St. Andrew's University in 1921.

---

★ St. John's Review, H.K. Vol. XIX No. 1 Jan'y 1952, P. 27/28.



ST. JOHN'S HALL REGISTER  
1912 — 1952

»♦«

香港大學  
聖約翰堂同學錄

1912.

Ho Wing Kin  
Wei Wing Lock  
Wei Wing Hon  
Yip Hin Fong  
Lo Kwan Iu  
Woo Loy Kung  
Foo Ping Sheung  
Li Sik San  
Lo Tak Hin  
Yung Kai Man  
Cheung Wing Tai  
Wong Siong Cie  
Leung Nai Hang  
Leung Nai Chun  
Lai Hau Yeung  
Lau Chan

Leung Wing Iu  
Tang Ying Lam  
Wong Po Kie  
Tso Shin Fan  
Fung Man Sui  
Li King Hong  
Yung Po Chiu  
Chan Fung Wai  
Leung Yun Lun  
Mok Hing Kiu  
Lam Tung  
Lo Hin Shing  
Ho Wing Ching  
Lai Hau Chin  
Hung Kit, Robert  
Anderson  
Kwok Shiu Chung  
Cheung Yu Pui



1913.

Chan Wing To, Thomas  
Cheung Sai Yik  
Kwok Ping Chiu  
Yung Hin Lun  
Yen Yu Chuen  
Ho Kai, Wing Yuen  
Tay Gan Tin  
Woon Chau Foon  
Mok Hing  
Yew Man Cheung  
Chau Yat Kwong  
Cheung Sun Wing  
Lo Cheuk Shing

1914.

Ng Sze Yuen  
Poon Yan Chi  
Ma Tsung Cheong  
Yip King Ling, Robert  
Hau On Wa  
Wong Kam Hong  
Lo Kun Un  
Chau Chik-kan  
Lei Kun Kwong  
Cheong Chee Hai  
Un Ka Tsun  
Chung Tsung Kwai

1915.

Lim Bang Im  
Leung Hoi Hung  
Lee Chung Chee  
Woo Pak Ming  
So Kwan Lap  
Ng Sze Cheung

Ip Kam Wa  
Chau Iu Nin  
Ng Kien Pak  
Wong Wai Hon  
Chen Ah Poh  
Chau Shiu Ching  
Kwok, G. S. K.

1916.

Chun Wing Ching  
Yeung Tso Wing  
Ang Swee Cheng  
Wong Tai Cho  
Leung Sai Yen  
Lei Chung Ching  
Wong Tse Ting  
Kwong Hing Fuk  
Fok Nai Hang  
Tan Soo Kim  
Yung Loo Lin

1917.

Wong Hing Kwong  
Ngan Shai Leung  
Wong Heng Leong  
Lee Chan Fong  
Tam Yam Yeuk  
Yang Ssu Chien  
Yung Kung Lin  
Choo Siu Kin  
Wong Siet Lam  
Soo Hoy Mun  
Cheung Wai Hon  
So Wai Ki  
Chao Kuo Liang  
Chau Ching Lam



Liu Cho Man  
Lu Chen Chung  
Lim Khoo Ping  
Clough, S. E.  
Tan Kim Hong

1918.

Wee Cheng Giok  
Lui Chan Kin  
Lim Khoo Leng  
Chau Sik Nin  
Taam Cheung Huen  
Leung Yun Chat  
Ng Shu Heung  
Tan Soo Beng  
Leon Shiu Kwan  
Kwek Pock Hing  
Yew Hon Ping  
Ma Chiu Ki

1919.

Chau Tin Sheung  
Chau Tang Ying  
Chau Man Hap  
Nemazee, Ahmed  
Lee Keng Ann  
Kwok On  
Wong Pak Wun  
Ling, Andrew  
Phoon Sek Wing  
Lam Shiu Kwong  
Deng Hso Han

1920.

Cheng Yik Kwan  
Chau Cheng Yuk,  
Dickson

Yeung Shiu Hong  
Phoon Sek Wah  
Low Ngiong Ing  
Yeung Tso Kie  
King, James T. S.  
Lim Khong Ngian  
Oon Aik Keong  
Wong Kam Thong  
Wong Boon Hin  
Phoon Sek Foo  
Phoon Sek Quai  
Tseng Kue Shun  
Kwok Ying Kong  
Shi Man Wai  
Wang Wei  
Li Chi Wa  
Thong Kam

1921.

Im Chiu He  
Veloso Bonaventura M.  
Hu Tsai Kuen  
Zia I Ding  
Kwok Chan  
Mak Yik Sang  
Kong Kam Chuen  
Lo Ying Tsuen  
Chiao Siu Ying  
Su Chiu Pao  
Wong Ping lu  
Wong Hong Kwok

1922.

Tseng Tit Sang  
Woo Hau Sin  
Ma Wai Man

Chan Ki Yuen  
Wan Ye Po  
Woo, Francis Chok  
Heng  
Lim Chuan Hoe  
Lam Kau Kwong  
Lim Hung Ngan  
Kawn Kring Krai  
Chum-Long, Vephula  
Ho Man Hay  
Lee Koon Lam  
Wong, Augustus Din  
Yui Zong Chen  
Hsu Hau Lee  
Chiu, Frank K.  
Chan Shu Chung  
Hsu Chen Chang  
Lee Kwok Cheung  
Yeh Ta Chen  
Lam Chi Wie  
Mak Chun Poy  
Shin Lok Shang  
Thong Keat Cheong  
Yeung Tso Sheung  
Kam Cheung Fai

1923.

Hsu Chien Kwong  
Pun Yuk Wa  
Mok Hing Fai  
Ng Yook Boon  
Tsang Fuk Cho  
Wong Man Kwong  
Tan Tiong Lam  
Chee Chin Hai  
Jap Boon Koey

Tsang Wah Shin  
Tsang Wah Kit  
Wong Shing Hong  
Foo Few Ting  
Fan Chi Kuen  
Lee Chuen Shing  
Souza, E. L. de  
Tye Soo Chong

1924.

Ting Cheng Shing  
Commissariat, D.  
Wong Shing Cheong  
Ma Tsu Hsing  
Chow Kwong Ju  
Lung Tin Tong  
Lo Ming Chuen  
Tang Chan Pui  
Chung Kue Suen  
Loke Chan Hing  
Yip Yuet Fong  
Lam U Pak  
Au King  
Wong Koon Wah  
Kho Khong Kha, Xien  
Lim Lay  
Lim Chuan Leung  
Wai Pang Nin  
Liang Ting Min  
Chan Yik King  
Ng Chung Sik  
Chan Wai Yui  
Tan Teng Kau  
Lee Teck Jin  
Suen Jue Yow, E. W.

1925.

Tso Yuk Wa  
Tsang Chao Hua  
Pun Yuk Man  
Wong Yau Chi  
Yau Hing Kwai  
Chan Chi To  
Woo Kai Fan  
Ip Tuen Shing  
Lim Ek Quee  
Loh Meng Whai

1926.

Choo, Felix  
Oon Goan Ek  
Chan Shing Chue  
Ng Yeok Kin  
Lam Kow Cheung  
Ng Tai Ping  
Ng Tin Fong  
Pow Yue Lam

1927.

Cheah, T. C.  
Lo Chong Fai  
Tsai Ai-le  
Lau Yong Boon  
Chan Seck Fong  
Ling Ke Dieh  
Lien Tsoong Kya  
Tsu Tsoong Ji  
Hoshimi, Frank E.  
Tay Kum Swan  
Bee Hoat Teck  
Ip Kun Im  
Fung, Basil

1928.

Xan Kho Khong Kha  
Wei Cheuk  
Chau Woon Nin  
Sze-to Eng Kei  
Boon Yuen Fong  
Lim Bo Chin  
Lim Bo Seng  
Au Yeung Ching Wo  
Shek Pui Tim  
Kan Lai To  
Lau Tok Boon  
Cheng Chung Yin  
Tay Soo Boon  
Qwek Cheng Kim  
Chung Hon Kwan

1929.

Chaun Kwok Wa  
Tam Yuk Tsun  
Li Ka Tung  
Tan Chu Song  
Chow Koxik  
Ng Kam Sooi  
Chan Shu Fatt  
Fung Ping Fan  
Fung Ping Wah  
Li Yau Sing  
Fung Sze Hei  
Fung Shan Lam  
Wong Laan Ki  
Fung Moe Chie  
Woo Yee Sin  
Chin Thin Chean  
Jorge, F. J. M.  
Ng Kwong Yuen

1930.

Loch Zau Liang  
Fung Tin Yau  
Leung Tin Sun  
So Tsang Yee  
Wong Shiu Ming  
Lau Ping Kwong  
Leung King Hon  
Teo Soon Wan  
Chan Jim Fui

1931.

Li Ka Tit  
Wong Hong  
Wong Ching Kuen  
Woo Tin Kit  
Tsang Koon Cook  
O Pu Sheung  
Lee Ching Iu  
Lim Soo Kok  
Chen Khye Wing  
Chow Nai Chung  
Chau Sai Chak  
Chan Sik Kan  
Lim Bo Yam  
Mok Hing Bun  
Lo Kwong Mia  
Fok Chuen Fui  
Wong Peng Tong  
Li Kam Tong  
Chan Ye Sun  
Heng, William

1932.

Cheng Wing Kwai  
Selnoy

Ng Cheong Ling  
Lo Teng Do  
Saint Srimata  
Koh Eng Hwee  
Fung Fa Lun  
Foo Chee Guan

1933.

Wong Cho Tong  
Touw Kiat Sik  
Pun Yiu Kwan  
Choa Keng Ju  
Kwik Han Khiok  
Lo Hong Hing  
Choong Ka Khey  
Leung Sik Kwan  
Wong Yee Wa  
Khachee Vasudhara  
Tang Chi Keung  
Pradith Suvarnapradije  
Tang Ching Tuan  
Kwok Hin Fong  
Li Hing Lan  
Lo Hung Chun  
Kam Sheung Woo  
Chang, George  
Li Hin Lun  
Chu Kwok King  
Lam Shing Kui  
Law Chung Hung  
Law Chung Kam  
Tan Kem Khoo  
Tan Ek Khoo  
Chee Mieng Chun  
Kwong Ping Chi

1934.

Leung Po Kwai  
Tsang Kai Ng

1935.

Hiew Liew Nam  
Tam Chin Wah  
Wong Mun Hon  
Ling, Samuel  
Ung Chaik Siong,  
George  
Wong Cheong Chee  
Chong Kia Tuan  
Wong Yun Nam  
Tan Ek Chiang  
Yoong Meng Pow  
Heng, Wilson  
Lee Sau Chung

1936.

Wong, Stephen  
Chia Kee Sian  
Luke Lim  
Wong Kai Wing  
Yeoh Joo Teik  
Lim Meng Liang  
Chin Yew Chew  
Goh Kwang Hung  
Tang Hung Tak  
Yoong Yew Moyne  
Yue Pui Lam, David

1937.

Mather, R. A.  
Yap Jin Yau  
Yap Miao Foo

Chang, Fred  
Yeoh Kong Ping  
Yeoh Oon Khor  
Toh Ah Hiew  
Huang Hsing Tsung,  
John  
Ip Hung Hoe  
Ip Ching Yu  
Yue King Shun  
Lee, James,  
Tang Pak Wai  
Wong Mook Foo  
U. Bei Dak, Peter  
Wong Tsz Sham  
Yue Sui Lam

1938

Lo Wing Yung  
Chow Jwee King  
Ngim Khek Kwan  
Pang Kwee Ann  
Matthews, C. N.  
Lim Chiu Lang  
Tam Kong Ee  
Ho Hock Kim  
Li Hin Tong  
Huang, Rayson  
Chau Yun Piu  
Chin Hon Ngi  
Cheung On Tak  
Lui Chin  
Kang Chong Pew  
Fung Kam Fat  
Chan Kam Fai  
Wong Cho Hin  
Lim Thiam Tet

Lau Yu Chuen  
Siem, T. D.  
Lay Nam Chiu, Andrew  
Chow Wai Wee  
Wong Yat Hung  
Low Fang Kang

1939.

Cheung Mung Wah  
Cheang Hon Loon  
Chan Ah Keng  
Ho Sai Kong  
Hang Fu Shan  
Huang, Raymond  
Kwon Hon Ning  
Leung Ping Lun  
Leung Hin Lun  
Lui But Chung  
Mok Hing Yiu  
Ng Yan Yee  
Ng Sui Ching  
Pau, Blaise D.  
Shi Ka Hock  
Tho Kai Seng  
Tam Shiu Lo (S.D'Saroj)  
Tan Hee Wong  
Yeung Ming Hon  
Yeung Woon Lam  
Tam Kwong Lam  
Lim Ching Lan  
Chow Swee King

1940.

Tan Hock San  
Lam Yun Jaak  
Ngan Ching Lam

Li Man Kim  
Tay Lai Hee  
Chen Kwok Chong  
Kan Yuet Fai  
Quek Kai Tong  
Moraes, Basil  
Meltzer, J. H.  
Khoo Oon Jin, Eugene  
Khor Suan Sim  
Somasagaram, M.  
Yoong, Y. P.  
Kom Choi Kuen

1941.

Kwong Chi Keung  
Zem, M.  
Lim Peng Thiam  
Tay Koon Lim  
Lim Kee Chin  
Poon Yee Kit  
Chahkavani, Kasame  
Lai Kuen Tee  
Lam King Tak  
Yanne, Edward  
Chan Kwoon Kau  
Fuah Yau Sim  
Tan Biew  
Tan Yuke Hung  
Woo, Edward  
Tay Soo Choon  
Cheung Man Wah  
Man Kwok Kwan  
Kwok, T. C.  
Chin Hee Hing, Henry  
Kwong Kwok Kwai  
Ho Man Hung

Chin Muk Siong  
Chen Kwok Cheng  
Chan Ying Yin  
Tang Ying Wei  
Fong, C. W.  
Chang, T. C.

1947.

Cheng, William  
Khoo Hai Kee  
Wong Cheng Ho  
Wong Hong Kwok,  
Alfred  
Wong Kwong Man  
Gong Ngie Huong  
Lim Keng Teet  
Low Ah Long  
Fung Yuen But  
Kan Pun Shui  
Wong Tit Ho, Daniel  
Li Ting Wai  
Cheng Hon Gay  
Chau Yik Nin  
Liew Kwong Yew  
Chow Huk Shing  
Pong Tak San, Paul  
Hui Sai Ping  
Kwan Yan Chi, Andrew  
Chinn Wen Tsun  
Lee Ting Kong  
Mark Ting Yan  
Jones, Howell Walter  
Pryce  
Au Sau Man  
Phoon Wai Yin  
Todd, David

Chan Po Cheung  
Tan Kai Eng  
Koh Seow Cheng  
Koh Seow Peng  
Singh, Karam  
Chin Mee Hong  
Kitchell, Abdul Hamid  
Li Kwok Biu  
Yung Ming Kin  
Ng Yew Wah  
Pau Hon Fun  
Lee Lai Hung  
Loke Kok Kong  
Chooi Tai Kow  
Hui Yin Cheung  
Foo Yin Chee  
Abesser, F.  
Ng Ok Loon  
Ng Kwok Wah  
Yap Tung Ai  
Chin Neow Kong  
Loke Kok Wan  
Cheung, Joseph  
Ho Chung  
Lee, Samuel  
Ooi Jin Puay  
Lim Siew Chuen  
Hui Yin Kan  
Young Dat Bui

1948.

Lin Teh Chang  
Chen Jan Thye  
Young Man Tsang  
Cheng Ming Kin  
Cheng Ming Chor



Luey, Leslie  
Ong Yong Koon,  
Frederick  
Yap Kwee Song,  
Charles  
Yu Chi Chiu  
Wong Ming Lik  
Sun Sik Lun, Ronald  
Sun Kwei Kuen,  
Clifford  
Chau Kai Heem  
Wei Chi Cheung  
Chan Shu Fook  
Chan Nai Yan  
Tam Sai Kit  
Wong Heck Ming  
Thong Ka Leong  
Fung Yuen Seen

1949.

Lim, William  
Fok Yik Chiu  
Mak Lim  
Yang Tit Liang  
Yang Lieh Sung  
Wong, Kenneth  
Chu Ka Wing  
Yu Shu Wah  
Lau Yu Chiu  
Chan Shing Kee  
Kan Pun Cheong  
Woo Po Shing  
Chang, Theodore  
Chan Hong Ching  
Tong Tai Kwan  
Lee Pak Fong

Wong Shek Man  
Poon Shing Nam  
Man Kwok Hung

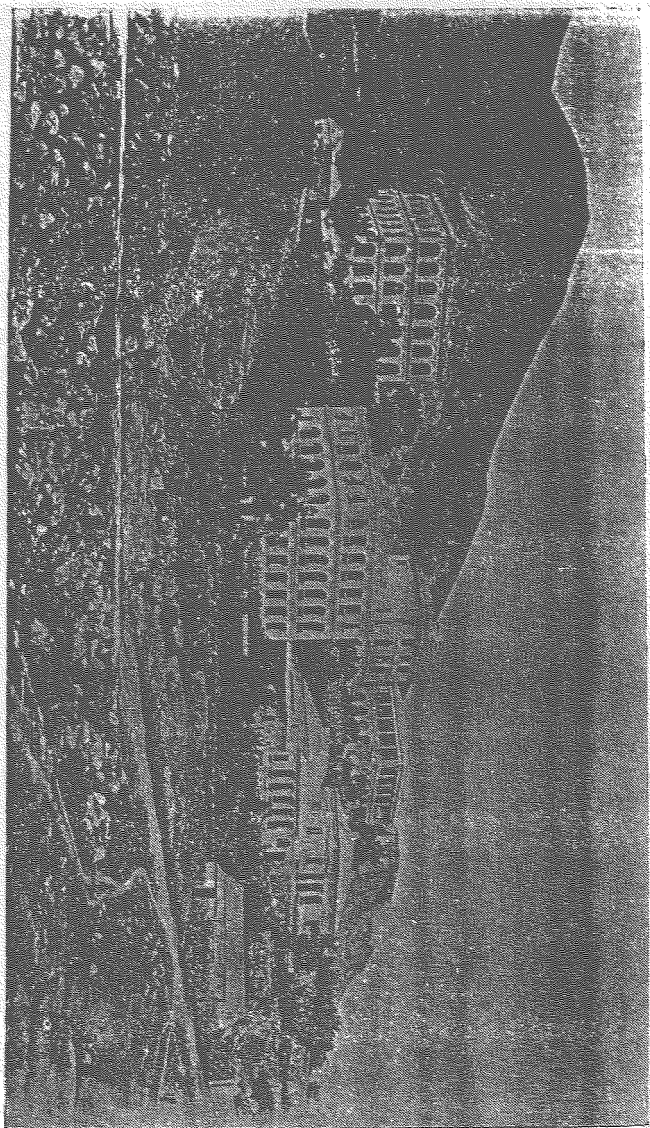
1950.

Yip Shing Wai  
Yip Shing Yue  
Wong Kie Ngok, Alec  
Au Ka Hung, Peter  
Lim Boon Thong  
Leung Wing Chiu  
Dang Shu Biu  
Chan Hong Fat  
Fung Man Wing  
Leung Sau Ki  
Wong Hong Cheuk  
Chan Siu Yui, Franklin  
Lau Ben

1951.

Han Wee Fong  
Lim Chin Pang  
Tan Hock Meng  
Kwan Man Kwan  
Teo Ah Lim  
Yeung Kwok Ping  
Lau Cho Chak

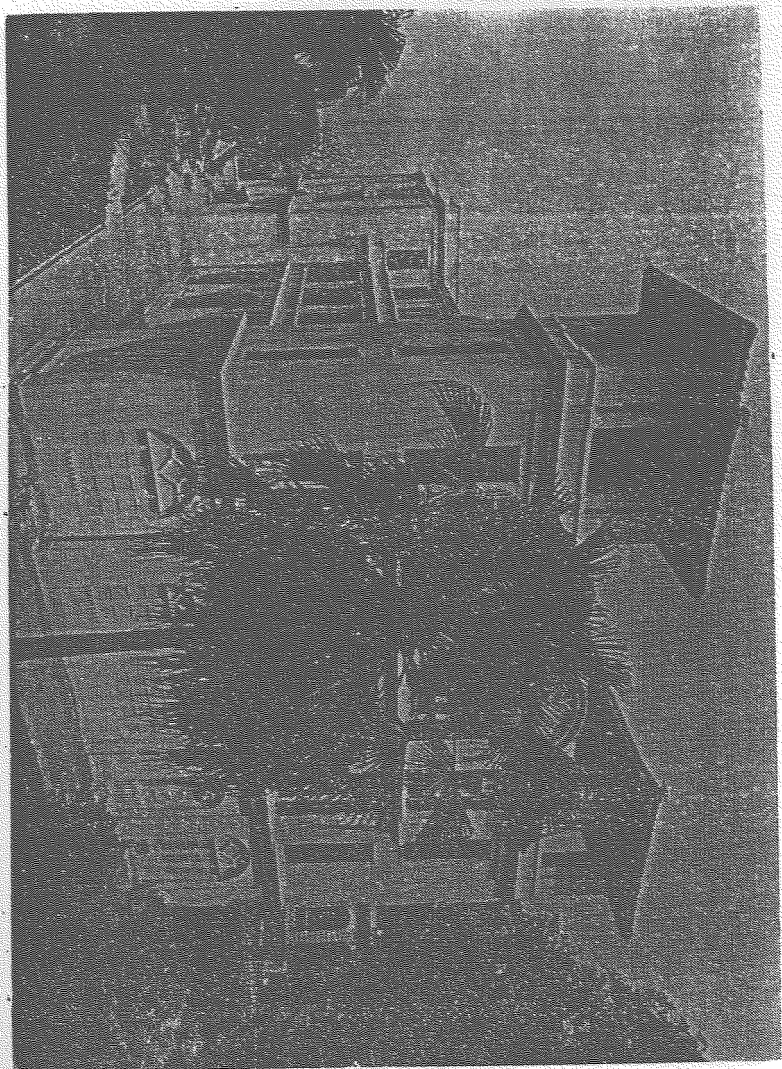


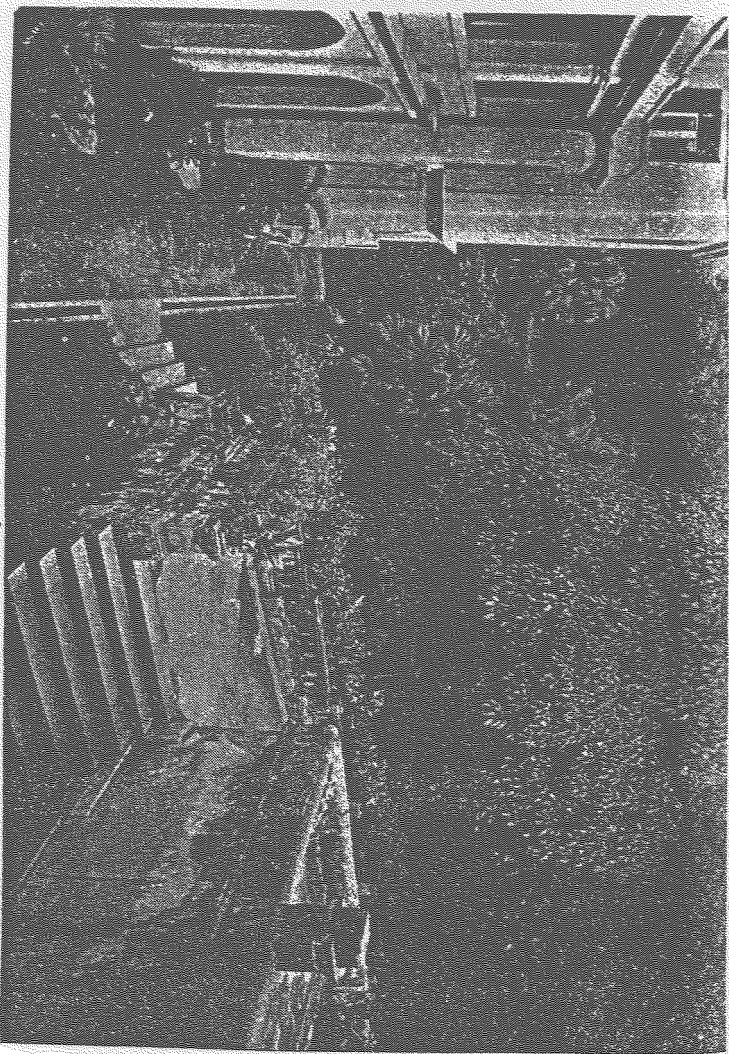


POKFULUM ROAD — WATER STREET AREA ABOUT 1882

Building on the left — "Fairies", now pulled down, formerly included in S.J.H.,  
Front left centre — A house at the top of Water Street formerly occupied by Mr. Mow Fung.  
Centre, back — "St. Stephen's House", No. 71 Bonham Road, formerly S.J.H. Annex.  
The lower hillside between "Fairies" and "St. Stephen's House" is now the site of the University main building.

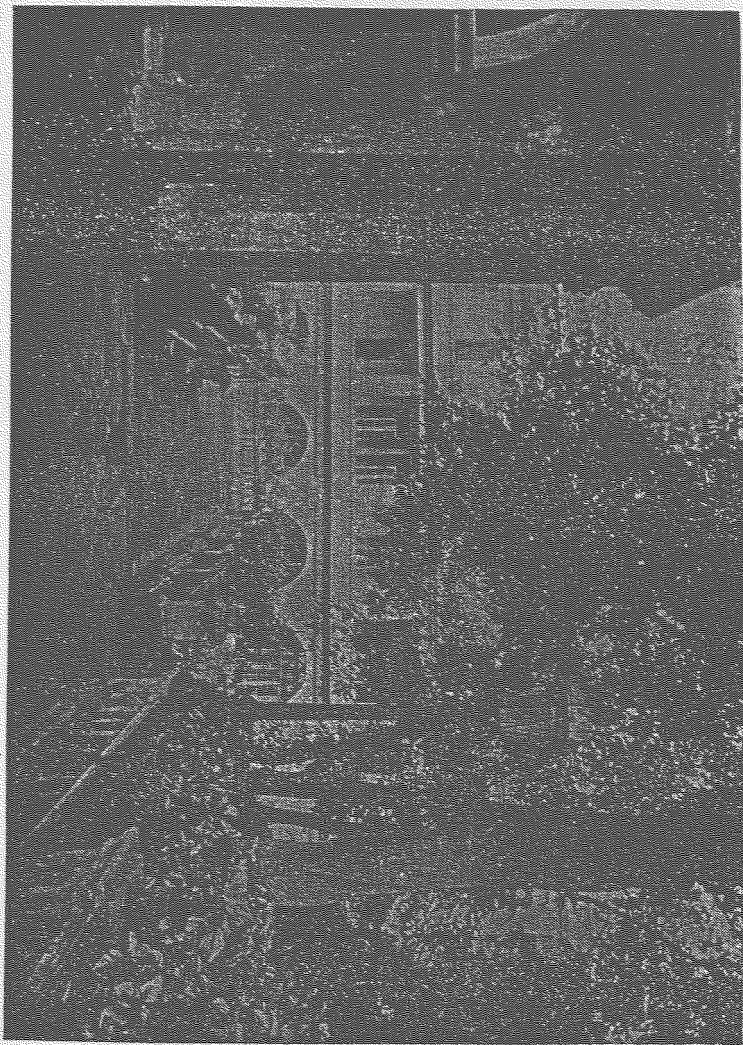
The 1912 Block





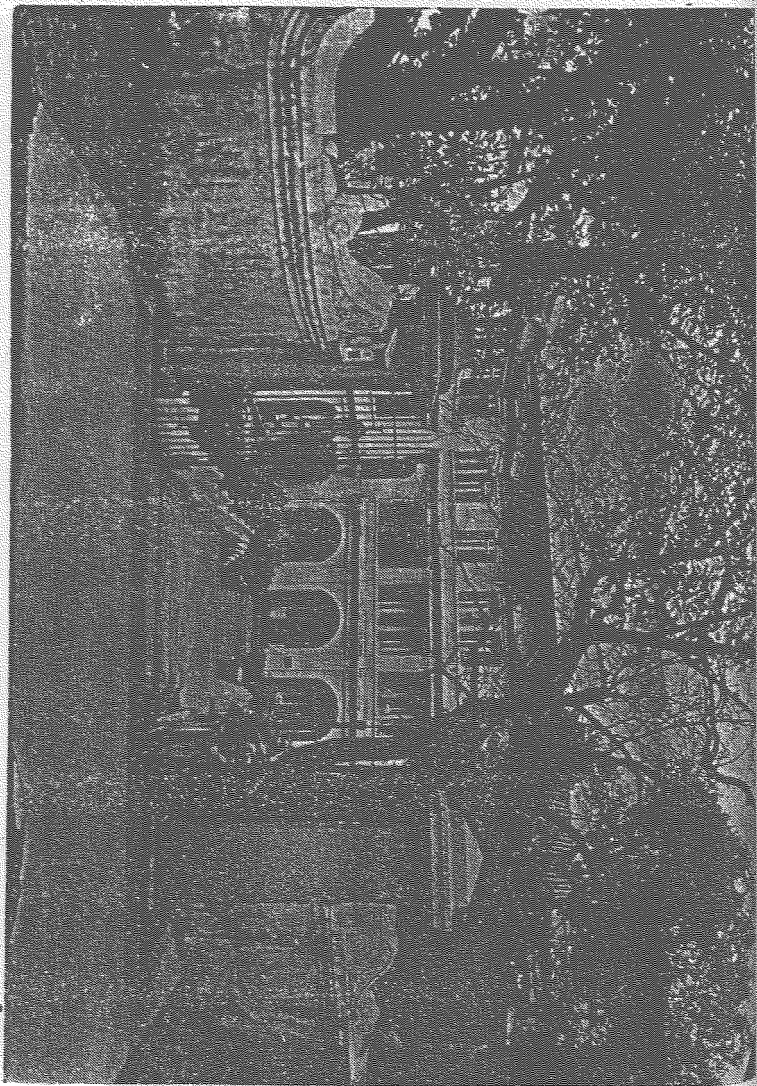
The Entrance about 1914

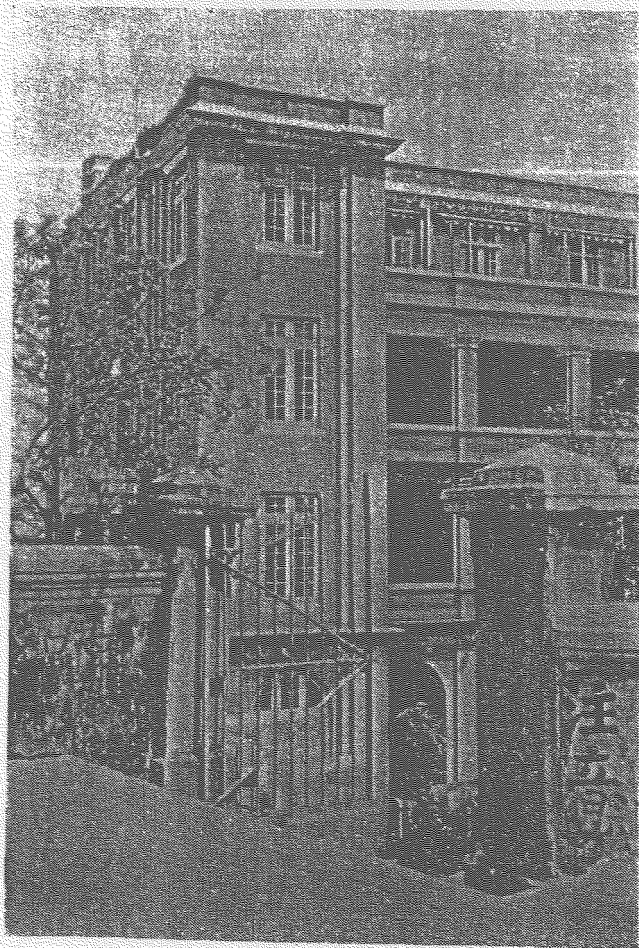
The Entrance in 1920



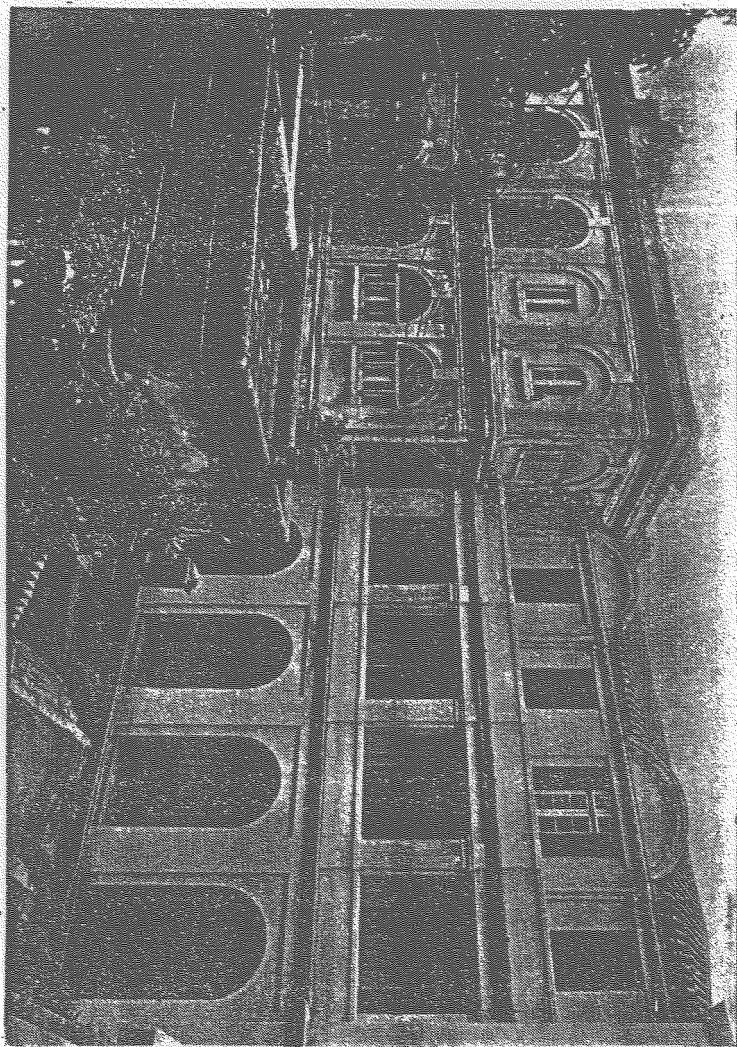


The Entrance about 1934



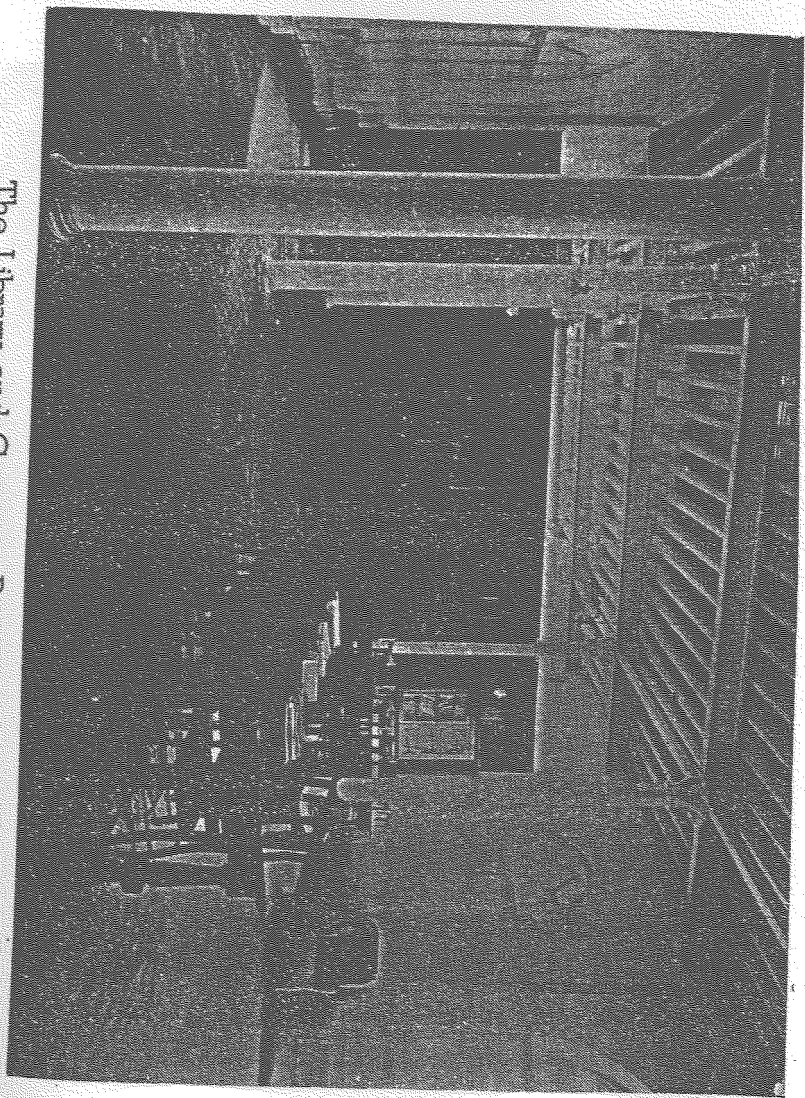


The Postwar Entrance (1952)



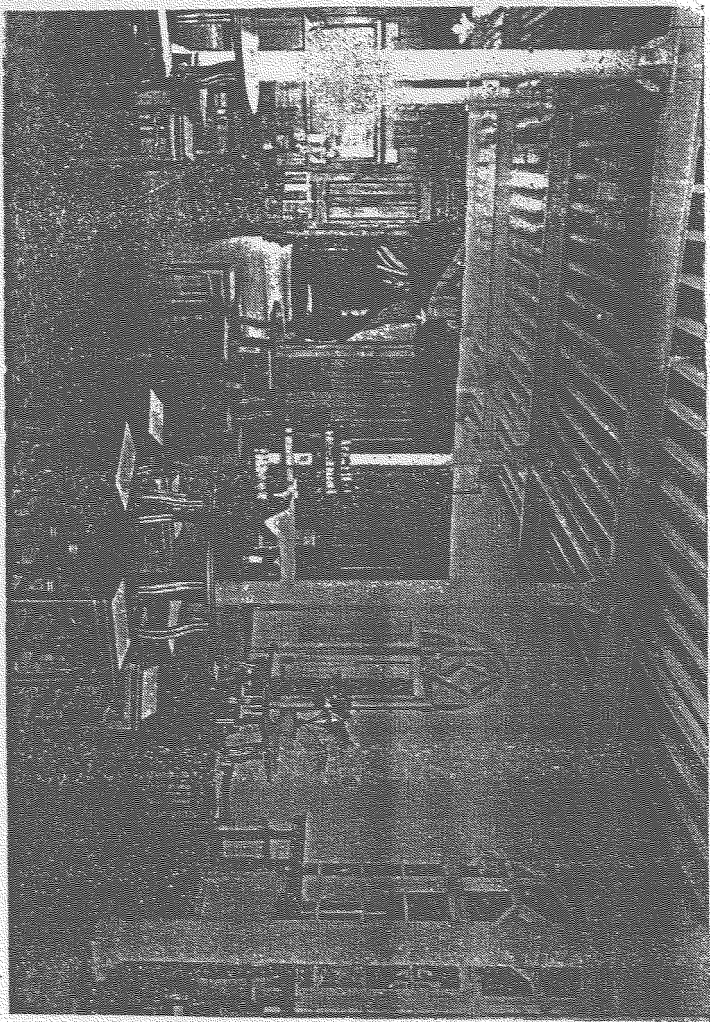
The old "Fairlea" and 1914 Block

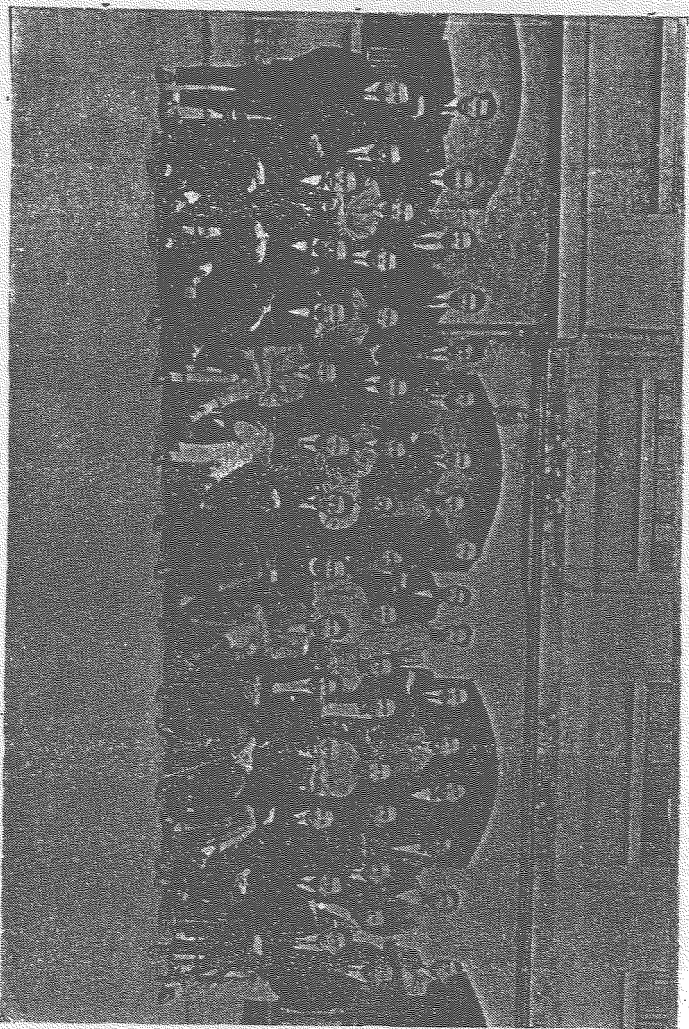
The Library and Common Room in the twenties



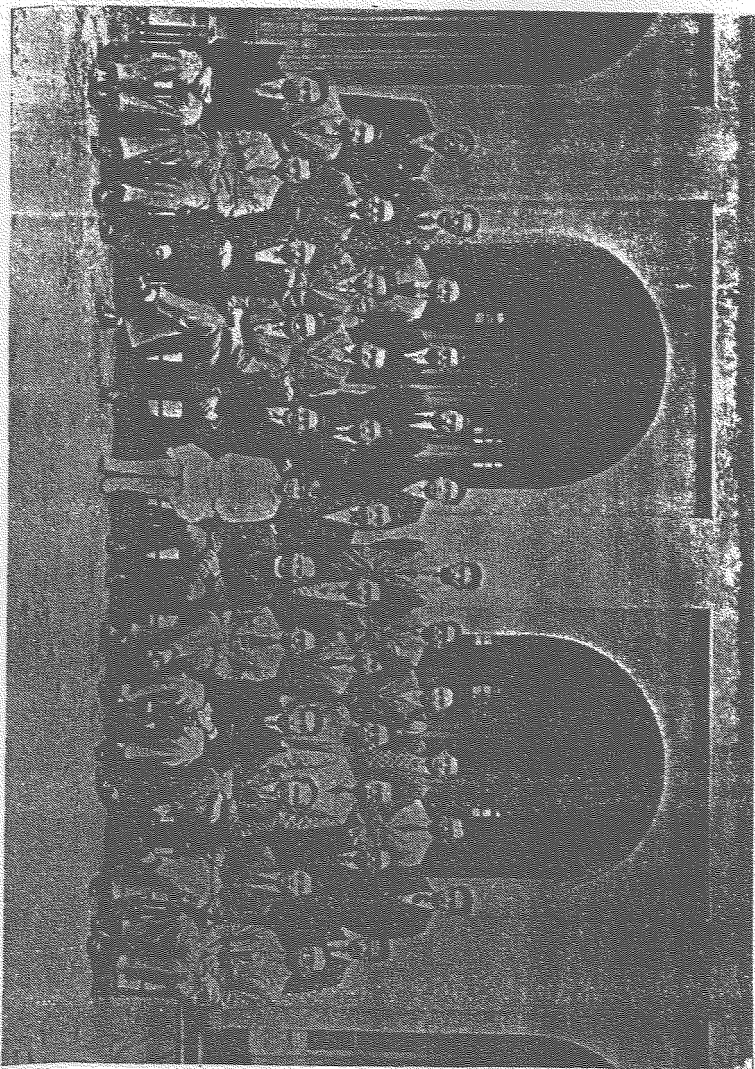


The Dining Room in the twenties

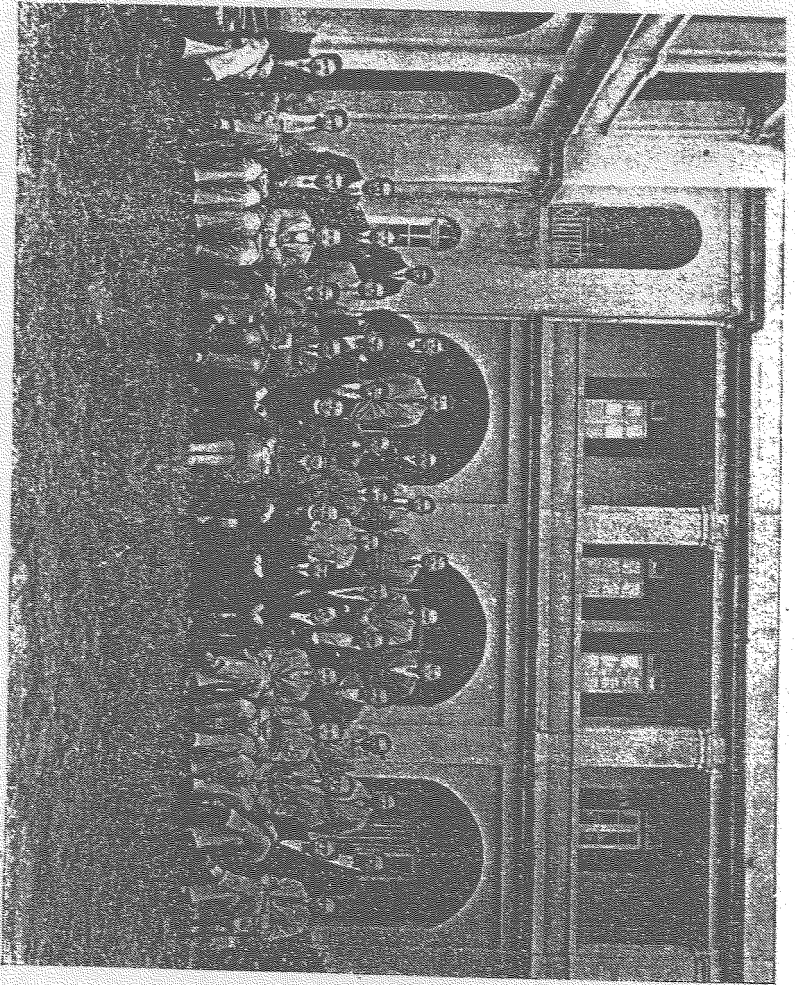




The Ven. C. B. Shann, Rev. Romanis Lee and Students (1925)

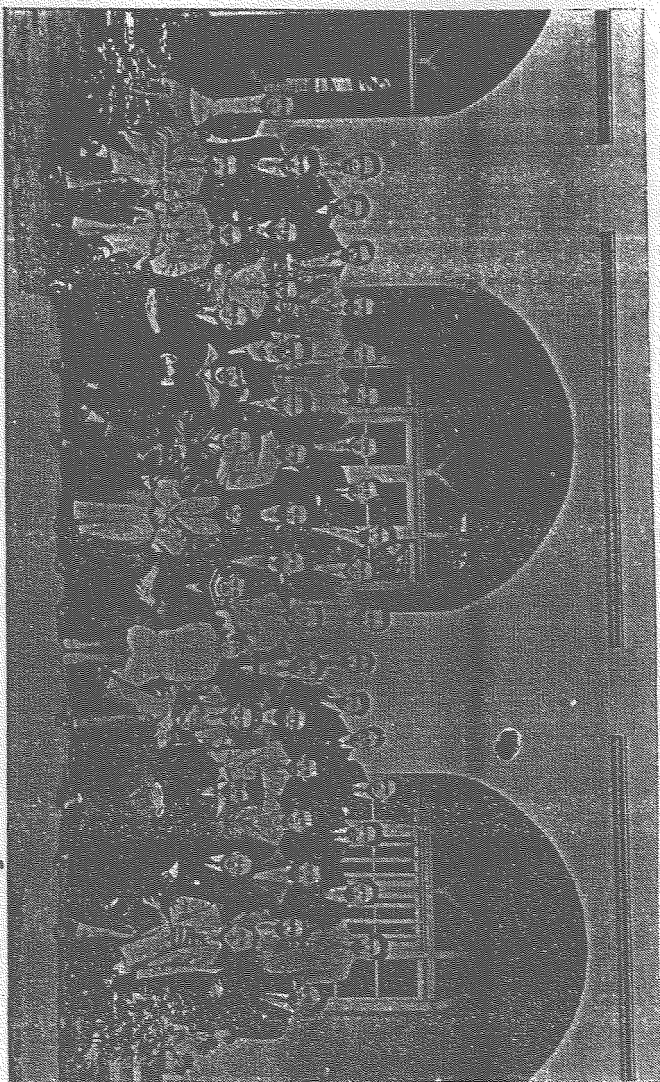


The Yen. & Mrs. C. B. Shann with students in 1929

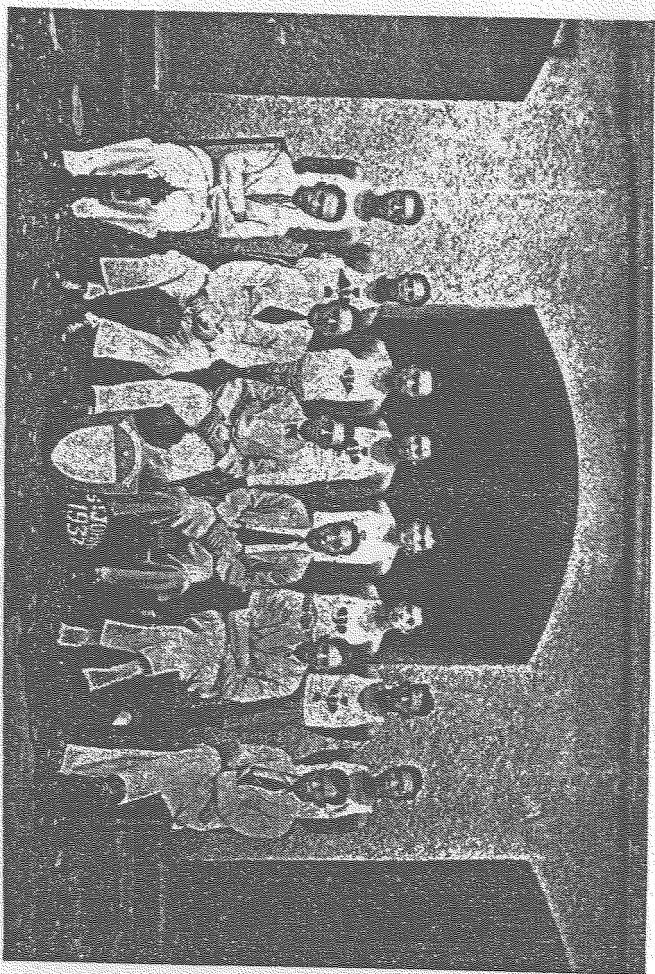


St. John's Hall, 1930





Left to Right—Dr. Souza, Bishop Halward, Dr. Foo Ping Sheung  
Ven. C. B. Shann, Dr. K. F. Woo

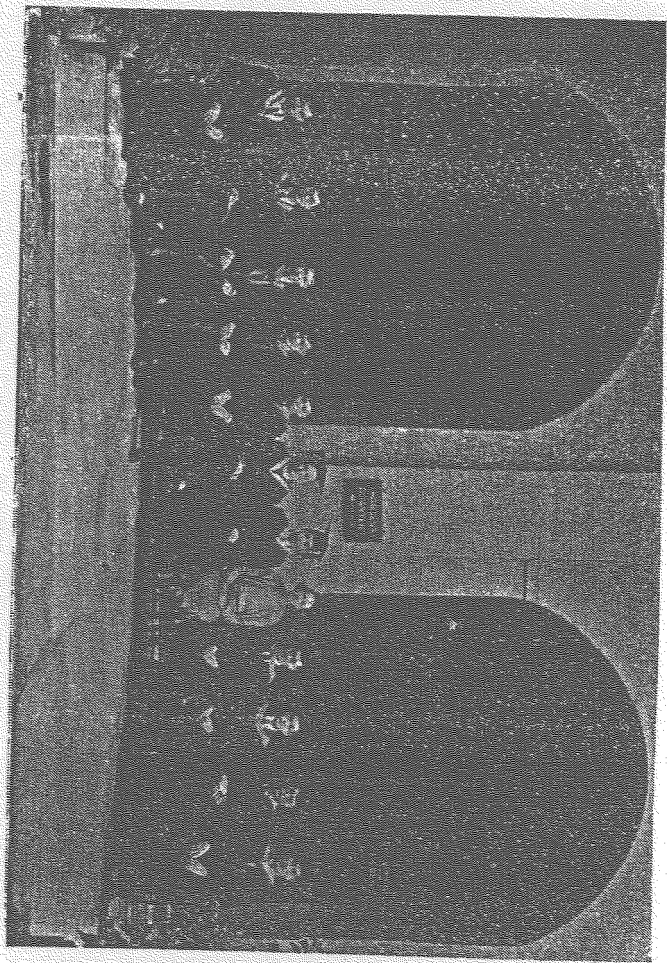


The 1932 Basket Ball Champion Team with Bishop Halward  
and Canon Carpenter

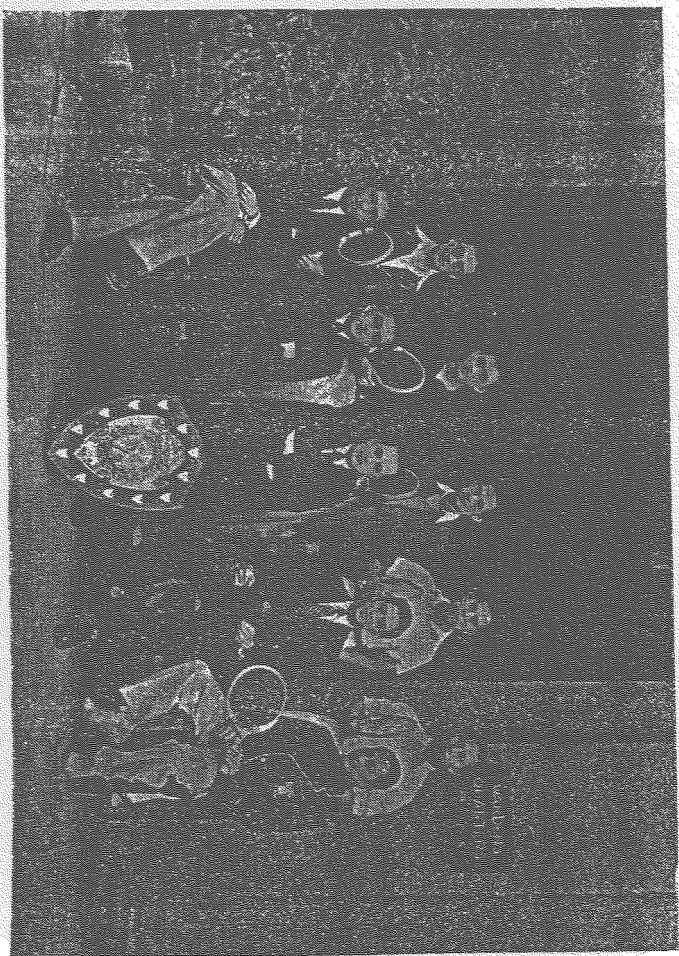


The 1935 Tennis Champion Team with Canon Carpenter

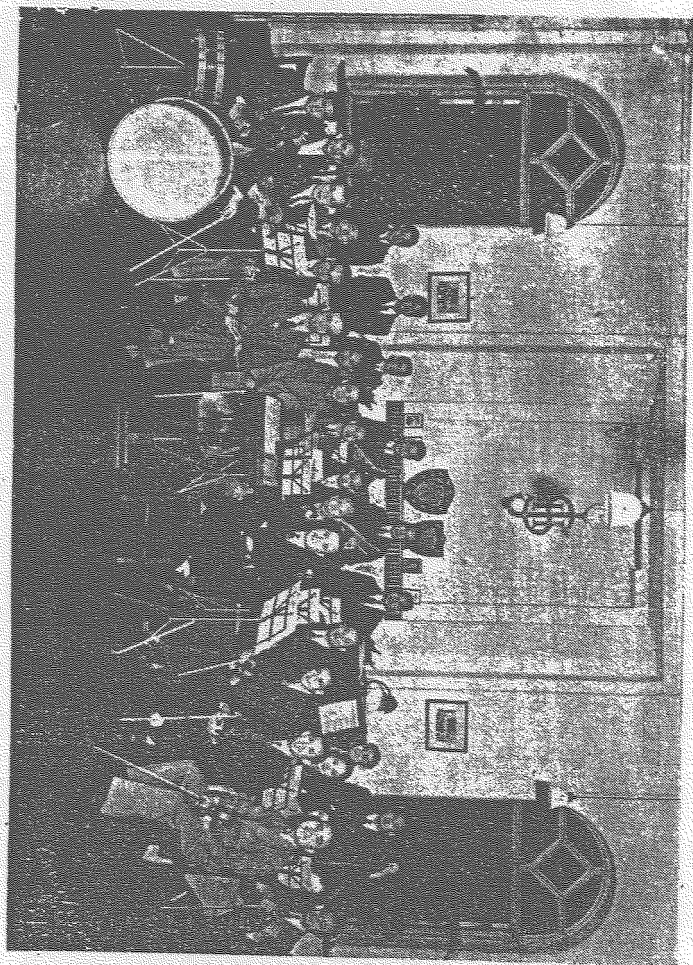




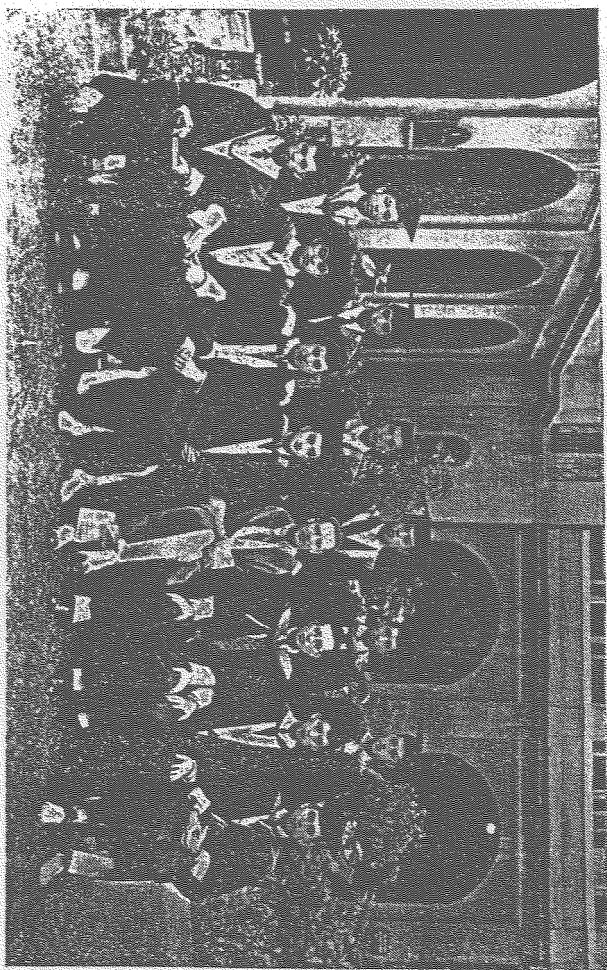
The 1937 Graduates with Canon & Mrs. G. K. Carpenter



The 1940 Tennis Champion Team with the Rev. George She

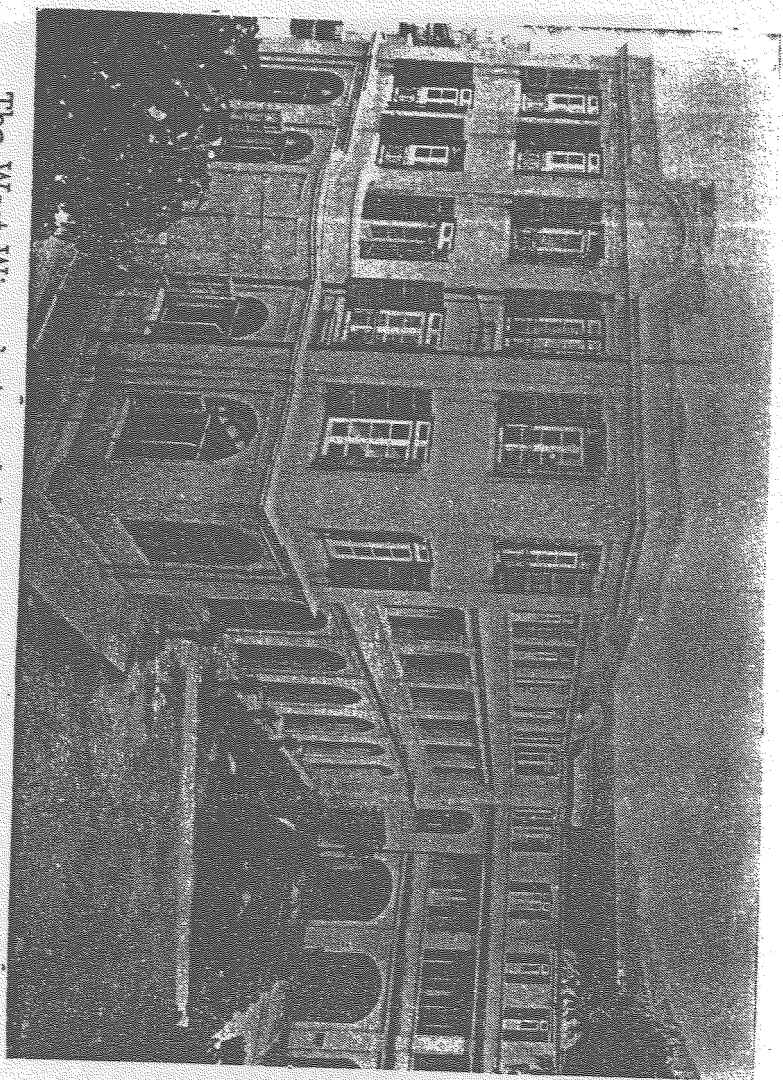


The 1940 Orchestra with the Rev. George She

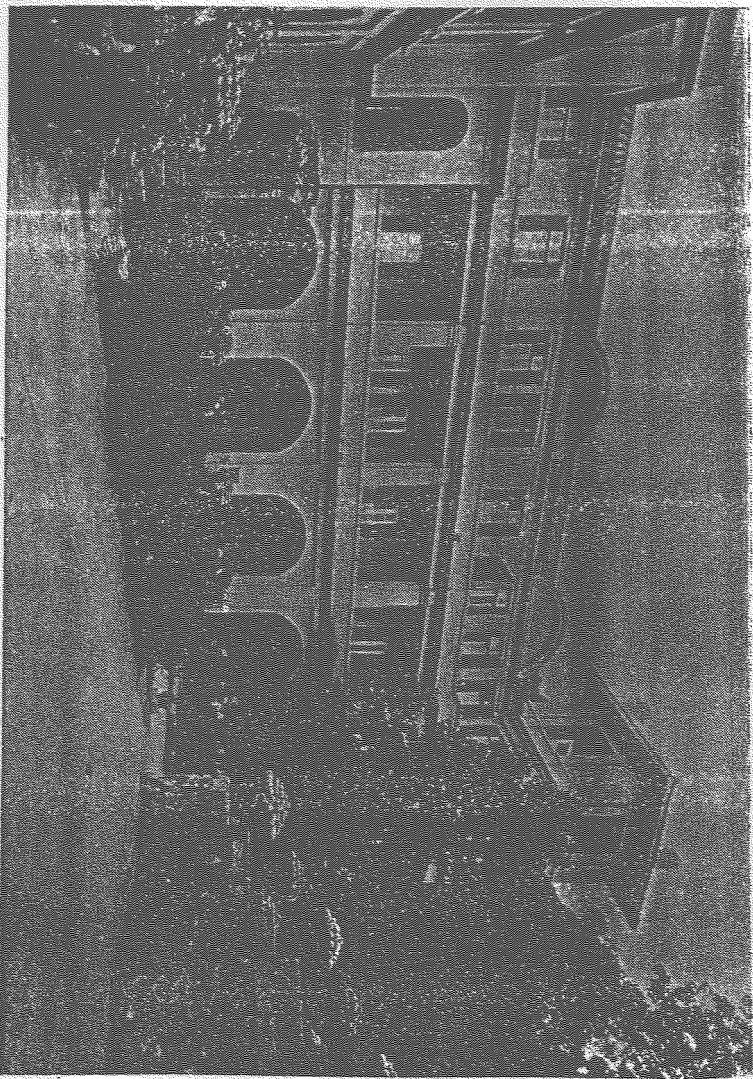


The 1941 Graduates with Rev. George She, Prof. Gordon King  
and Rev. S. K. Cheung

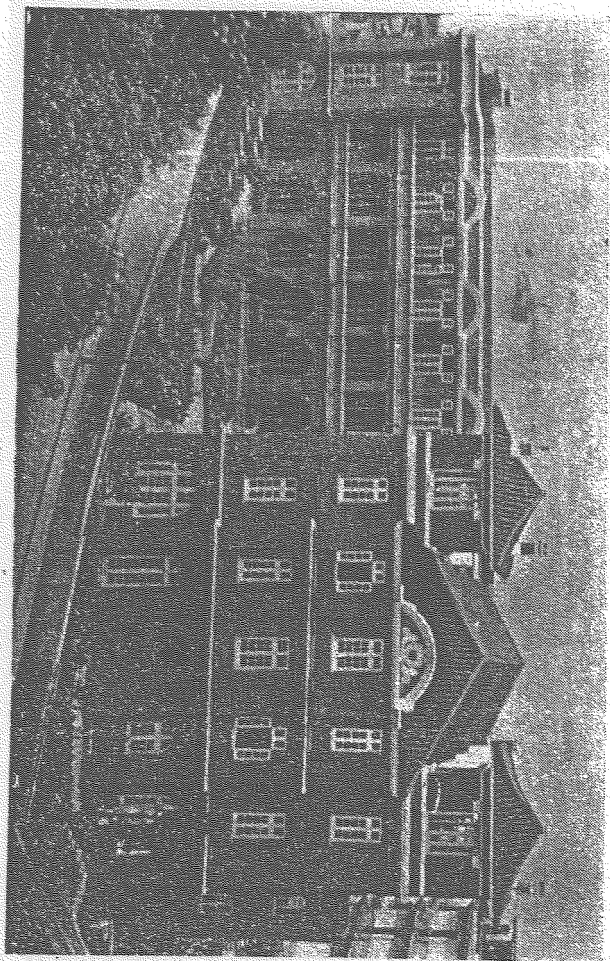
The West Wing destroyed during the Japanese Occupation





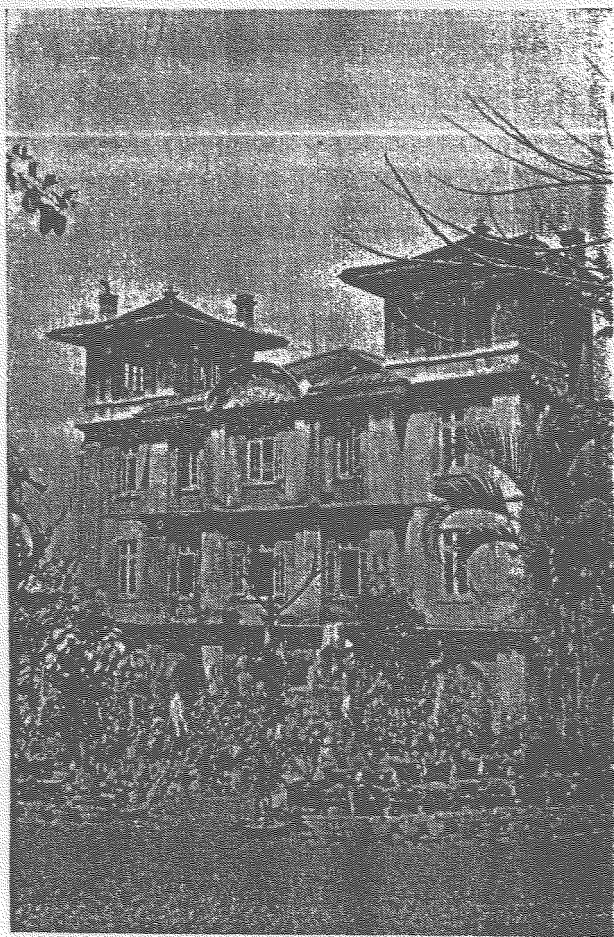


The East Wing destroyed during the Japanese Occupation

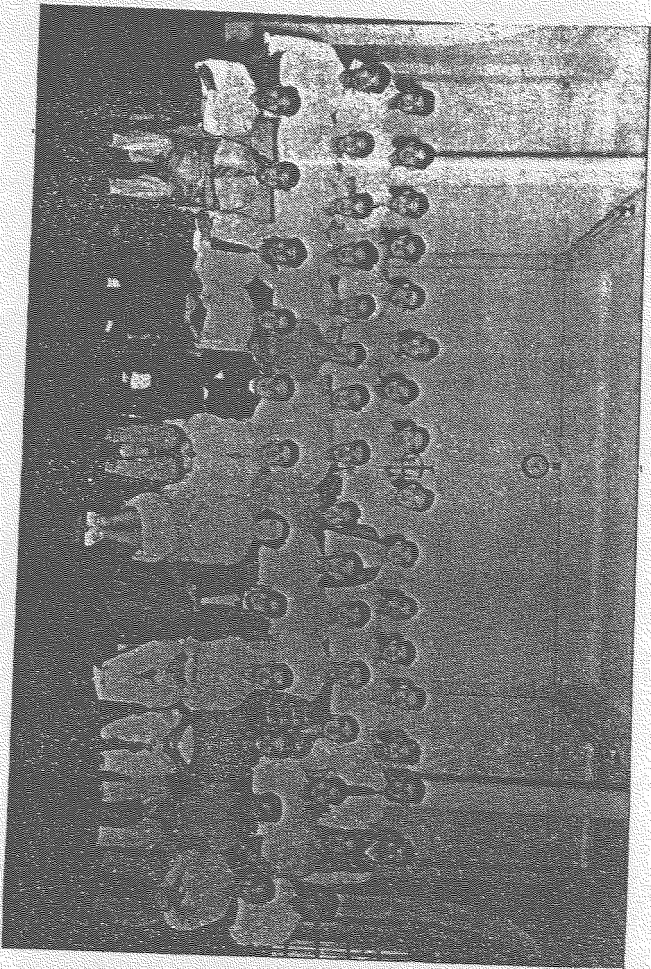


The Hall after Rehabilitation in 1947



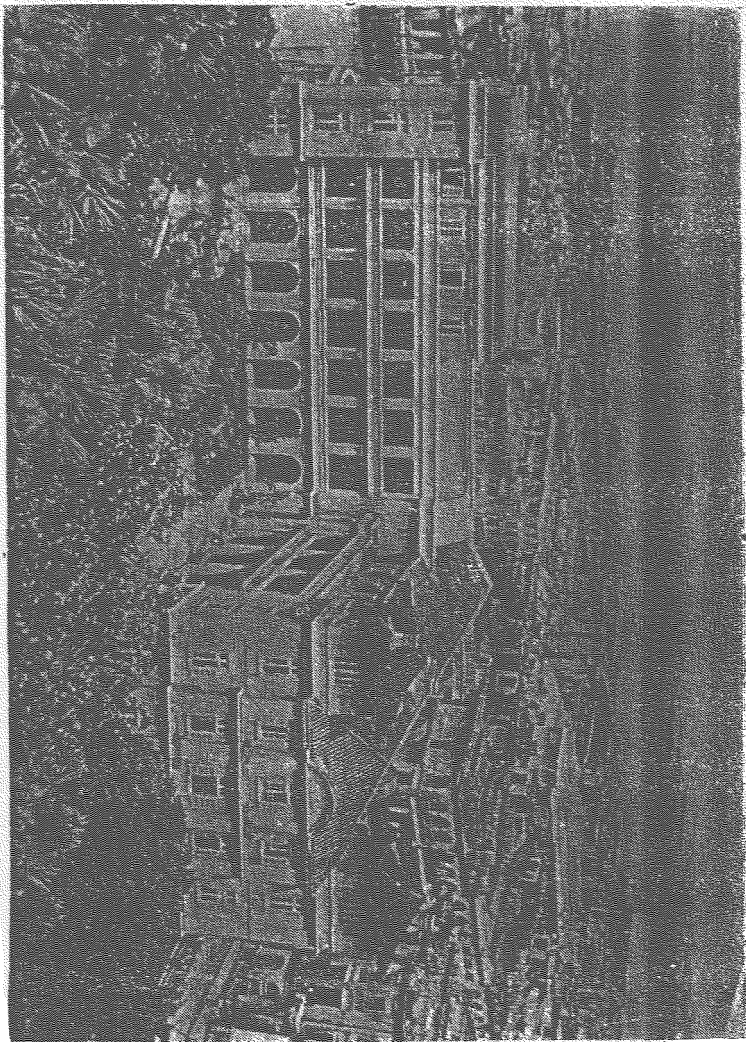


The Rehabilitated Wardens' Quarters

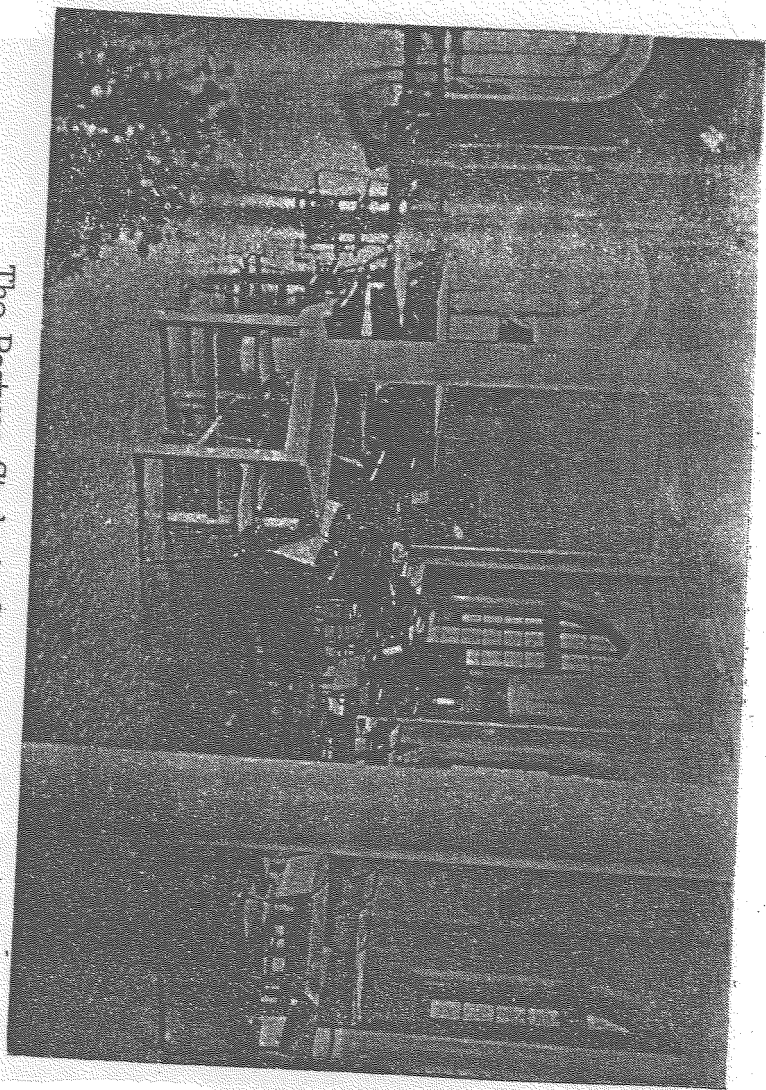


The Wardens and Mrs. Dorothy She with Students in 1951

A Bird's eye view of the Hall in 1952



The Postwar Students Common Room





The Billiard Table

